1	2		3
B. *Hind stan Fertilizer Corporation*			
(i) Durgapur	171.3	40.1	1,90,000
(ii) Barauni	156.9	35.8	1,90,000
(iii) Namrup II	142.9	35.8	1,90,000
(iv) Namrup I.	15.2	2.3	..
Total (HFC)	486.3	114.0	5,70,000

Government has not taken any decision in the matter as the investment may, in most cases not lead to economic production.

3. The estimated consumption of fertilizer at the end of the Eighth Five-Year Plan (1996-97) is as under:

(figures in lakhs tonnes in nutrients)

	Estimated Consumption		
	N	P	K
Minimum	115.57	53.96	20.33
Maximum	117.96	55.10	..

4. The demand of fertilizer would be met by adopting a package of measures which, *inter alia*, would involve increased production from the existing plants, expansion of the plants, their modernization and reprofitting and the setting up of new projects at suitable locations. The gap between the demand and indigenous availability is required to be met by Import.

Finalising Guidelines for Commercialisation of Formulation Technology

1940. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to answer to the Unstarred Question 1185 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 5th March, 1992 and state:

(a) whether Technical Committee constituted by the Governing body of institute of pesticides formulation technology, Gurgaon (Haryana) has finalised guidelines and norms for the commercialisation of its formulation technology;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof productwise and royalty/lump-sum amount required for each products and facilities offered by the institute to pesticides formulators;

(c) if not, reasons for delay and by when it is likely to be finalised;

(d) whether institute has so far identified the efficient formulations equipments and machinery and its manufactures in the country and abroad; and

(e) if so, what are the norms and details of such equipments and machinery and their manufacturers with addresses?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The norms and guidelines for transferring the selected formulation technology to the pesticides industry would be considered by the Technical Committee of the Institute of Pesticides Formulation Technology in its next meeting.

(d) and (e) The institute has identified equipments required for scaling up of bench scale technology and is in the process of equipping its pilot plant. Based on the success of pilot plant trials, the question of commercial production and the requirement of equipment thereof would be considered.

Withdrawal of duty free import privileges on Indian drugs by U.S.A.

1941. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the newsitem which appeared in the Hindustan Times dated the Ist May, 1992 captioned "Indian drugs to invite duty in America";

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons for depriving India of duty-free import privileges extended under the G.S.P. (Generalised System of Preferences);

(c) what is the likely affect of the reported 5 percent duty in terms of total loss to the Indian Pharmaceutical Industry during 1992-93 in its exports to the US. as compared to earlier exports privileges enjoyed in 1991-92; and

(d) what appropriate steps Government of India have taken till to-date with the U.S. Administration in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN): (a) to (d) The required information to the extent available will be collected and laid on the Table of the House.

Misutilization of raw material required for bulk drug production

1942. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that the Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs have certain cases of misutilization of raw-material required for the products of Bulk Drugs based on the finding of their cost Audit Reports;

(b) if so, what are the names of the companies and names of the raw materials in each case;

(c) whether it is a fact that it involves crores of rupees in each case;

(d) what is the extent of foreign exchange involved in each case;

(e) whether it is also a fact that the country has lost foreign exchange due to exemption of custom duty; and

(f) if so, what action has been taken in each case?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN): (a) to (f) To the extent information available the Department of Company Affairs has noticed the following cases of misutilisation of raw materials|intermediates during the review of cost audit report during the year 1991-92.

Name of the Company	Drugh involved
1. M|s Lupin Labs Ltd.,	Ethambutol, Rimfampioin, Cephalexin.
2. M|s. Sandoz India Ltd.,	Thiamulin, Sulphamethoxazole Clopamide, Lactobionate
3. M|s E. Merck India Ltd.,	Vitamin 'E'